

The `truncate` package

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Truncating text to a given width

The package defines a command `\truncate[marker]{width}{text}`

If the text is too wide to fit in the specified width, then it is truncated, and a continuation marker is shown at the end. The default marker, used when the optional `[marker]` parameter is omitted, is `\, \dots`. You can change this default by redefining `\TruncateMarker` (`\renewcommand{\TruncateMarker}{...}`).

Normally, the text (whether truncated or not) is printed flush-left in a box with exactly the width specified. The package option `[fit]` causes the output text to have its natural width, up to a maximum of the specified width.

The text will not normally be truncated in the middle of a word, nor at a space specified by the tie (`~`). For example:

```
\truncate{122pt}{This text has been~truncated}
```

gives

```
“This text has... ”
```

You can give one of the package options `[hyphenate]`, `[breakwords]`, or `[breakall]` to allow breaking in the middle of words. The first two only truncate at hyphenation points; with the difference being that `[breakwords]` suppresses the hyphen character. On the other hand, `breakall` allows truncation at any character. For example:

```
\truncate{122pt}{This text has been~truncated}
```

gives

```
“This text has been trun-...” (option hyphenate)  
“This text has been trun... ” (option breakwords)  
“This text has been trunc...” (option breakall)
```

(All of these options work through \TeX 's hyphenation mechanism.)

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