

F_iNK – the L^AT_EX 2_ε File Name Keeper*

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v2.2 (2010/12/03)

1 Description

This package is a real fink indeed: it looks over your shoulder and keeps track of files `\input`'ed (the L^AT_EX way) or `\include`'ed in your document. You then have a permanent access to the directory, name and extension of the file currently being processed through several macros. Dis packache fas orichinally a hack dat I used somefere elss, but since it might be off a cheneral interest, I'fe decided to make it a separate fink. . .

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2 User Interface

To use the package, simply say `\usepackage[options]{fink}` in the preamble of your document. This will do everything for you. Available options will be described when appropriate.

2.1 Retrieving the current file's name components

`\finkdir` The file currently being processed is described by the macros `\finkdir`, `\finkbase`
`\finkbase` and `\finkext` which expand (as you may have guessed) to the directory, base name
`\finkext` (sans extension), and extension of the file.

`\finkfile` Additionally, the macro `\finkfile` is defined to be `\finkbase.\finkext` (as in
`\finkpath` previous versions), and the macro `\finkpath` (new in version 2.0) is defined to be
`\finkdir\finkfile`. Feel free to use these macros in your sources.

2.2 Main file's name components

`maindir` Because there's no way T_EX can give you back information about the file being
`mainext` processed (apart from its base name), *F_iNK* provides the options `maindir` (defaults
to `./`) and `mainext` (defaults to `tex`) for changing the directory and the extension

**F_iNK* homepage: <http://www.lrde.epita.fr/~didier/software/latex.php#fink>

of the main source file. For instance, suppose your source file is in `src/foo.ltx` and you are compiling in `pdf/`. You can then use the package as follows:

```
\usepackage[maindir=../src,mainext=ltx]{fink}
```

3 AUC- \TeX support

AUC- \TeX is a powerful major mode for editing \TeX documents in Emacs or XEmacs. In particular, it provides automatic completion of macro names once they are known. *F_iNK* supports AUC- \TeX by providing a style file named `fink.el` which contains AUC- \TeX definitions for the relevant macros. This file should be installed to a location where AUC- \TeX can find it (usually in a subdirectory of your \LaTeX styles directory). Please refer to the AUC- \TeX documentation for more information on this.

4 Caveat

F_iNK cannot follow files included with the \TeX `\input` primitive. That's because \TeX has a very insensible way of defining primitives whose argument parsing syntax is not available for macros. As a consequence, it's almost impossible to redefine the `\input` primitive without breaking its syntax (one would have to parse the characters one by one, and I'm not ready to do so...). *F_iNK* currently does not follow auxiliary files either.

5 Hints, Tricks, Tips

5.1 File names with special characters

Here, "special" is to be taken in the \LaTeX sense, for instance, a directory or file name containing an underscore. If this situation occurs, you're likely to face problems with *F_iNK* macros because they don't try to properly escape those characters. So for instance, an underscore alone will make \LaTeX think that you forgot the math mode $\$$ sign before it. There are actually two problems that you may encounter:

Characters not displayed properly Try to change your font encoding by putting this in your document's preamble: `\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}`.

Compilation breakage The `url` package might be of some help here. Put `\usepackage{url}` in your document's preamble first. Then (assuming that `\finkfile` is the culprit), instead of using `\finkfile` directly, use this instead: `\expandafter\url\expandafter{\finkfile}`. You might also want to play with `\urlstyle` to have your file name displayed in the font you prefer.

6 Changes

v2.2 Fix incompatibility with the `memoir` class, reported by Lars Madsen

- v2.1.1 Fix trailing whitespace in `\fink@restore`, reported by Maverick Woo
Added some hints about filenames with special characters, suggested by David P. Goodall
- v2.1 Fix bug preventing expansion in math mode, reported by Alain Schremmer, fixed by Morten Hoegholm before I could even raise my little finger.
- v2.0 New macros `\finkdir`, `\finkbase`, `\finkext` and `\finkpath` suggested by Alain Schremmer
New options `mainext` and `maindir`, use `kvoptions` for options management
- v1.2 Fixed conflict with `\includegraphics`, reported by Jim Crumley
- v1.1 Fixed missing 3rd arg to `\PackageError` call from `\finkextension`

7 The Code

```
1 \fink\NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
2 \<header>
3 \ProvidesPackage{fink}[2010/12/03 v2.2 Keep track of the current filename]
4
5 \</header>
6 \<fink>
7 \RequirePackage{kvoptions}
8 \SetupKeyvalOptions{family=fnk,prefix=fnk@}
9
```

7.1 Main file initial settings

```
maindir
mainext 10 \DeclareStringOption[\@currdir]{maindir}
11 \DeclareStringOption[tex]{mainext}
12
```

The following is for backward compatibility only (not documented anymore). It provides support for the old `tex` and `ltx` options (still functionnal), and for the `\finkextension` macro. However, this macro is now defined to trigger an error, begging the user to use the new option instead.

```
13 \newcommand*\@fink@mainext[1]{\setkeys{fnk}{mainext={#1}}}
14 \newcommand*\fink@mainext{%
15   \expandafter\@fink@mainext\expandafter{\CurrentOption}}
16 \DeclareVoidOption{tex}{\fink@mainext}
17 \DeclareVoidOption{ltx}{\fink@mainext}
18
19 \newcommand*\finkextension[1]{%
20   \PackageError{FiNK}{%
21     \protect\finkextension\space shouldn't be used anymore.\MessageBreak
22     Please use the 'mainext' package option instead.}{%
23     No big deal right ?\MessageBreak
24     Type X to quit and modify your source.}}
25 \@onlypreamble\finkextension
26
27 \ProcessKeyvalOptions*
28
```

7.2 File's name components macros

```

\finkdir We declare the user-level macros here. \fink@file is used to compute file names,
\finkbase possibly with no extension.
\finkext 29 \newcommand*\finkdir{\fnk@maindir}
\finkfile 30 \newcommand*\finkbase{\jobname}
\finkpath 31 \newcommand*\finkext{\fnk@mainext}
32
33 \newcommand*\finkfile{}
34 \newcommand*\fink@file[2]{#1\ifx\#2\\\else.#2\fi}
35 \xdef\finkfile{\fink@file{\jobname}{\fnk@mainext}}
36
37 \newcommand*\finkpath{}
38 \xdef\finkpath{\finkdir\finkfile}
39
40 \PackageInfo{FiNK}{main file set to "\finkpath"}
41

```

7.3 Commands overriding

```

\fink@beginfile The memoir class redefines \InputIfFileExists as well, in order to provide its
\fink@endfile file hooks. Since we override its definition, we need to take care of those hooks
ourselves.
42 \@ifclassloaded{memoir}{
43 \let\fink@beginfile\m@matbeginf
44 \def\fink@endfile#1{\m@matendf{#1}\killm@matf{#1}}}%
45 \def\fink@beginfile#1{}
46 \def\fink@endfile#1{}
47

```

Note: as of version 1.2, every call to `\filename@parse` is done in a group of its own. This fixes a problem that appeared when using `\includegraphics` with a filename with an explicit extension. `\includegraphics` calls `\filename@parse` itself, so it is important that our call(s) only have a local effect.

```

\fink@input These macros are defined for a convenient use of \expandafter. They save and
\fink@restore restore the current filename. Remember that \@@input is LATEX's redefinition of
the TEX input primitive.
48 \newcommand*\fink@input[1]{%
49 \begingroup%
50 \filename@parse{#1}%
51 \xdef\finkdir{%
52 \ifx\filename@area\@empty%
53 \fnk@maindir%
54 \else%
55 \fnk@maindir\filename@area%
56 \fi}%
57 \xdef\finkbase{\filename@base}%
58 \xdef\finkext{\ifx\filename@ext\relax tex\else\filename@ext\fi}%
59 \xdef\finkfile{\fink@file{\finkbase}{\finkext}}%
60 \xdef\finkpath{\finkdir\finkfile}%
61 \endgroup%
62 \fink@beginfile{#1}%

```

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```
63 \@@input\@filef@und%
64 \fink@endfile{#1}}
65
66 \newcommand*\fink@restore[1]{%
67 \beginingroup%
68 \filename@parse{#1}%
69 \xdef\finkdir{\filename@area}%
70 \xdef\finkbase{\filename@base}%
71 \xdef\finkext{\filename@ext}%
72 \xdef\finkfile{\fink@file{\finkbase}{\finkext}}%
73 \xdef\finkpath{\finkdir\finkfile}%
74 \endgroup}
75
```

Note: in earlier versions, we redefined `\IfFileExists` to prepare the name of the next file, but this is bad because it can be used outside of *F_iNK*'s scope. We also redefined `\@input`, but neither `\include` nor `\input` use it.

`\InputIfFileExists` L^AT_EX's `\input` and `\include` commands use `\InputIfFileExists`, so let's re-define it here:

```
76 \long\def\InputIfFileExists#1#2{%
77 \IfFileExists{#1}{%
78 #2\@addtofilelist{#1}%
79 \edef\fink@before{\noexpand\fink@input{#1}}%
80 \edef\fink@after{\noexpand\fink@restore{\finkpath}}%
81 \expandafter\fink@before\fink@after}}
82
83 </fink>
```

Well, I think that's it. Enjoy using *F_iNK*!